Stationary Schrödinger equations in \mathbb{R}^2 with unbounded or vanishing potentials and involving concave nonlinearities

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In this talk, we study the existence and multiplicity of solutions for the following class of stationary nonlinear Schrödinger equations:

$$-\Delta u + V(|x|)u = Q(|x|)f(u) + \lambda g(x, u), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}^2,$$

where λ is a nonnegative parameter, V and Q are unbounded or decaying radial potentials, the nonlinearity f(s) may exhibit exponential growth and g(x, s) is a concave term. The approach used here is based on a version of the Trudinger-Moser inequality, mountain-pass theorem and the Ekeland's variational principle in a suitable weighted Sobolev space.

Joint work with Uberlandio B. Severo (Department of Mathematics, UFPB - Universidade Federal da Paraíba).

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